CHAPTER III
METHODOLOGY OF RESEARCH

This chapter explains about the methodology of research that is used by researcher namely method, source of the data, technique of collecting data and technique of analyzing the data.

3.1 Method of study

In this research I apply descriptive qualitative method. According to Heigham and Crocker (2009:5) qualitative research entails collecting primarily contextual data and examining it using interpretative analysis. It means that, this method gives clear description about the problem that is being researched. In this case I am going to describe and analyze the short story “The Little Mermaid by Hans Christian Andersen and then category of types of deixis.

3.2 The data and the Source of data

3.2.1 Data

The data for this research is taken from all utterances in forms of direct speech, and also the researcher selects the data in this short story which only contains three deixis they are person deixis, time deixis and place deixis.

3.2.2 Source of data

Source of data is the short story “The little Mermaid”. By Hans Christian Andersen.
3.3 **Technique of Collecting Data**

Data became the most important part of this research in which I analyzed in order to answer the research questions. There are two steps in collecting the data, such as:

1. **Reading the short story**

   In this case, I read this story and comprehend with the theory that is appropriate to be analyzed.

2. **Taking note**

   This step was done by taking a note through reading this story. It is intended to make easy in classifying the data into the types of deixis.

3.4 **Technique of analyzing the data**

The analysis of data is the process of arrange the data, organizing the data into pattern, category and a unit of basic analysis.

The procedure of analyzing the data is divided through the following steps:

1. **Identification**

   This part begins to identify the three types of deixis in short story “the little mermaid” by Hans Christian Andersen.

2. **Classification**

   I classify the short story according to the category of in the deixis word.
2. Analysis

This section analyzes the utterances on the data which contain the three types of deixis (temporal, place and spatial deixis).